# CARDINIA SHIRE COUNCIL ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended 30 June 2016

# Cardinia Shire Council Financial Report Table of Contents

FINANCIAL REPORT				
Financial St	atements			
Comprehens	ive Income Statement	1		
Balance She	et	2		
Statement of Changes in Equity				
Statement of	Cash Flows	4		
Statement of	Capital Works	5		
Notes to Fin	nancial Statements			
Introduction		6		
Note 1	Significant accounting policies	6		
Note 2	Budget comparison	14		
Note 3	Rates and charges	18		
Note 4	Statutory fees and fines	18		
Note 5	User fees	18		
Note 6	Grants	19		
Note 7	Contributions	20		
Note 8	Net loss on disposal of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment	20		
Note 9	Net gain loss on asset revaluation	20		
Note 10	Other income	20		
Note 11	Employee costs	20		
Note 12	Materials and services	21		
Note 13	Bad and doubtful debts	21		
Note 14	Depreciation and amortisation	21		
Note 15	Borrowing costs	21		
Note 16	Other expense	21		
Note 17	Investments in associates, joint ventures and subsidiaries	21		
Note 18	Cash and cash equivalents	22		
Note 19	Trade and other receivables	22		
Note 20	Other financial assets	22 22		
Note 21	Inventories	22		
Note 22	Non current assets classified as held for sale	22		
Note 23	Other assets	23		
Note 24	Property, infrastructure, plant and equipment	23 27		
Note 25	Intangible assets			
Note 26	Trade and other payables Trust funds and deposits	27 27		
Note 27	Provisions	28		
Note 28	Interest bearing loans and borrowings	29		
Note 29		30		
Note 30	Reserves Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities to surplus	31		
Note 31	Financing arrangements	31		
Note 32	Commitments	32		
Note 33	Operating leases	33		
Note 34	Superannuation	33		
Note 35	Contingent liabilities and contingent assets	34		
Note 36	Financial instruments	35		
Note 37	Related party transactions	37		
Note 38	Events occurring after balance date	38		
Note 39	Evanto occurring arter balance date	30		
Certification	of the Financial Report	39		

## Comprehensive Income Statement For the Year Ended 30 June 2016

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Income			
Rates and charges	3	73,921	68,405
Statutory fees and fines	4	3,798	3,168
User fees	5	2,740	4,136
Grants - operating	6	7,279	21,801
Grants - capital	6	12,486	3,720
Contributions - monetary	7	11,460	11,920
Contributions - non monetary	7	46,688	39,351
Net gain / (loss) on asset revaluation	9	3,972	(6,249)
Share of net profits of associates	17	159	37
Other income	10	6,381	5,584
Total income		168,884	151,872
Expenses			
Employee costs	11(a)	(31,069)	(31,352)
Materials and services	12	(42,475)	(40,173)
Bad and doubtful debts	13	(168)	(827)
Depreciation and amortisation	14	(18,483)	(15,571)
Borrowing costs	15	(3,738)	(4,202)
Net loss on disposal of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment	8	(351)	(861)
Other expenses	16	(2,289)	(2,130)
Total expenses		(98,573)	(95,116)
Surplus for the year		70,311	56,756
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to surplus or deficit in future periods			
Net asset revaluation increment	30 a	31,743	50,633
Total comprehensive result		102,054	107,389

## Balance Sheet As at 30 June 2016

	Note	2016	2015
		\$'000	\$'000
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	18	23,470	16,644
Trade and other receivables	19	25,963	16,763
Other financial assets	20	27,833	19,767
Inventories	21	13	16
Assets classified as held for sale	22	8,726	8,726
Other assets	23	647	560
Total current assets		86,652	62,476
Non-current assets			
Trade and other receivables	19	1,281	761
Investments in associates	17	1,591	1,432
Property, infrastructure, plant and equipment	24	986,290	904,743
Intangible assets	25	669	382
Total non-current assets		989,831	907,318
Total assets		1,076,483	969,794
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	26	16,532	14,182
Trust funds and deposits	27	9,896	5,405
Provisions	28	5,555	5,624
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	29	4,765	6,296
Total current liabilities		36,748	31,507
Non-current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	26	6,155	-
Provisions	28	1,909	1,593
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	29	47,521	55,742
Total non-current liabilities		55,585	57,335
Total liabilities		92,333	88,842
Net assets		984,150	880,952
Equity			
Accumulated surplus		630,326	566,351
Reserves	30	353,824	314,601
Total Equity	<del></del>	984,150	880,952

## Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 30 June 2016

	No.4a		Accumulated	Revaluation	Other
	Note	Total	Surplus	Reserve	Reserves
2016		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at beginning of the financial year		880,952	566,351	286,197	28,404
Other adjustments to opening balances	30(c)	1,143	1,143	-	-
Surplus for the year		70,311	70,311	-	-
Net asset revaluation increment	30(a)	31,743	-	31,743	-
Transfers to other reserves	30(b)	-	(11,187)	-	11,187
Transfers from other reserves	30(b)	-	3,707	-	(3,707)
Balance at end of the financial year		984,150	630,326	317,940	35,884

		Total	Accumulated Surplus	Revaluation Reserve	Other Reserves
2015		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at beginning of the financial year		771,937	507,767	235,564	28,606
Other adjustments to opening balances		1,626	1,626	-	-
Surplus for the year		56,756	56,756	-	-
Net asset revaluation increment	30(a)	50,633	-	50,633	-
Transfers to other reserves	30(b)	-	(11,642)	-	11,642
Transfers from other reserves	30(b)	-	11,844	-	(11,844)
Balance at end of the financial year		880,952	566,351	286,197	28,404

## Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended 30 June 2016

	Note	2016 Inflows/ (Outflows) \$'000	2015 Inflows/ (Outflows) \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities		<b>V V V V</b>	4 000
Rates and charges		73,019	67,555
Statutory fees and fines		4,058	3,537
User fees		3,215	6,890
Grants - operating		7,441	21,677
Grants - capital		12,914	4,170
Contributions - monetary		14,039	10,697
Interest received		1,400	1,438
Trust funds and deposits taken and repaid		4,482	2,317
Other receipts		5,306	4,723
Net GST refund/payment		4,775	7,971
Employee costs		(30,776)	(31,298)
Materials and services		(47,714)	(47,147)
Net cash provided by operating activities	31	52,159	52,530
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, infrastructure, plant and equipment		(25,905)	(59,697)
Proceeds from sale of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment		2,128	6,708
Payments for investments		(9,500)	(4,030)
Proceeds from sale of investments		1,434	3,352
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(31,843)	(53,667)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Finance costs		(3,738)	(4,203)
Proceeds from borrowings		-	24,000
Repayment of borrowings		(9,752)	(7,457)
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	_	(13,490)	12,340
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		6,826	11,204
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		16,644	5,441
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	 18	23,470	16,644
The same sacrify and the same of the maniful year	10 _	20,710	10,044
Financing arrangements	32		
Restrictions on cash assets	18		

## Statement of Capital Works For the Year Ended 30 June 2016

Tot the Teat Ended of Gal	IIC EUTO		
	Note	2016	2015
Property		\$'000	\$'000
Land		3,098	6,205
Total land	_	3,098	6,205
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Buildings		6,634	15,414
Heritage Buildings		827	-
Building improvements		271	15,049
Total buildings	_	7,732	30,463
Total property	_	10,830	36,668
Plant and equipment			
Plant, machinery and equipment		1,291	1,892
Fixtures, fittings and furniture		37	1,111
Computers and telecommunications		103	1,013
Total plant and equipment		1,431	4,016
Infrastructure			
Roads		8,972	5,642
Bridges		705	193
Footpaths and cycleways		1,274	2,452
Drainage		323	1,318
Recreational, leisure and community facilities		1,523	4,105
Parks, open space and streetscapes		-	737
Off street car parks		350	452
Other infrastructure	_	43	
Total infrastructure	_	13,190	14,899
Total capital works expenditure	<del>-</del>	25,451	55,583
Represented by:			
New asset expenditure		14,385	45,491
Asset renewal expenditure		8,328	6,987
Asset upgrade expenditure		2,738	3,105
Total capital works expenditure		25,451	55,583

### Introduction

The Cardinia Shire Council was established by an Order of the Governor in Council on 15 December 1994 and is a body corporate. The Council's main office is located at 20 Siding Avenue, Officer.

### Statement of compliance

These financial statements are a general purpose financial report that consists of a Comprehensive Income Statement, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows, Statement of Capital Works and notes accompanying these financial statements. The general purpose financial report complies with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, the Local Government Act 1989, and the Local Government (Planning and Reporting) Regulations 2014.

### Note 1 Significant accounting policies

#### (a) Basis of accounting

The accrual basis of accounting has been used in the preparation of these financial statements, whereby assets liabilities, equity, income and expenses are recognised in the reporting period to which they relate, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Judgements, estimates and assumptions are required to be made about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated judgements are based on professional judgement derived from historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and also in future periods that are affected by the revision. Judgements and assumptions made by management in the application of AAS's that have significant effects on the financial statements and estimates relate to:

- the fair value of land, buildings, infrastructure, plant and equipment (refer to note 1 (g))
- the determination of depreciation for buildings, infrastructure, plant and equipment (refer to note 1 (n))
- the determination of employee provisions (refer to note 1 (s))

Unless otherwise stated, all accounting policies are consistent with those applied in the prior year. Where appropriate, comparative figures have been amended to accord with current presentation, and disclosure has been made of any material changes to comparatives.

## (b) Principles of consolidation

The requirement to consolidate entities under the control of Cardinia Shire Council has been considered and determined that there are no such entities.

## Note 1 Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

## (c) Changes in accounting policies

There have been no changes in accounting policies from the previous period.

### (d) Committees of management

All entities controlled by Council that have material revenues, expenses, assets or liabilities, such as committees of management, have been included in this financial report.

### (e) Accounting for investments in associates

#### Associates

Associates are all entities over which Council has significant influence but not control or joint control. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting, after initially being recognised at cost.

### (f) Revenue recognition

Income is recognised when the Council obtains control of the contribution or the right to receive the contribution, it is probable that the economic benefits comprising the contribution will flow to the Council and the amount of the contribution can be measured reliably.

## Rates and Charges

Annual rates and charges are recognised as revenues when Council issues annual rates notices. Supplementary rates are recognised when a valuation and reassessment is completed and a supplementary rates notice issued.

### Statutory fees and fines

Statutory fees and fines (including parking fees and fines) are recognised as revenue when the service has been provided, the payment is received, or when the penalty has been applied, whichever first occurs.

### User fees

User fees are recognised as revenue when the service has been provided or the payment is received, whichever first occurs.

### Grants

Grant income is recognised when Council obtains control of the contribution. This is normally obtained upon their receipt (or acquittal) or upon earlier notification that a grant has been secured, and are valued at their fair value at the date of transfer.

Where grants or contributions recognised as revenues during the financial year were obtained on condition that they be expended in a particular manner or used over a particular period and those conditions were undischarged at balance date, the unused grant or contribution is disclosed in note 6. The note also discloses the amount of unused grant or contribution from prior years that was expended on Council's operations during the current year.

## Note 1 Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

### (f) Revenue recognition (cont'd)

#### Contributions

Monetary and non monetary contributions are recognised as revenue when Council obtains control over the contributed asset.

Sale of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment

The profit or loss on sale of an asset is determined when control of the asset has irrevocably passed to the buyer.

#### Interest

Interest is recognised as it is earned.

### Other Income

Other income is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is recognised when Council gains control over the right to receive the income.

### (g) Fair value measurement

Council measures certain assets and liabilities at fair value where required or permitted by Australian Accounting Standards. AASB 13 Fair value measurement, aims to improve consistency and reduce complexity by providing a definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across Australian Accounting Standards.

AASB 13 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value under AASB 13 is an exit price regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within a fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable; and

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, Council has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

In addition, Council determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

### (h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits at call, and other highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

### (i) Trade and other receivables

Receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. A provision for doubtful debts is recognised when there is objective evidence that an impairment has occurred.

## Note 1 Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

### (j) Other financial assets

Other financial assets are valued at fair value, being market value, at balance date. Term deposits are measured at amortised cost. Any unrealised gains and losses on holdings at balance date are recognised as either a revenue or expense.

#### (k) Inventories

Inventories held for distribution are measured at cost adjusted when applicable for any loss of service potential. Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### (I) Non-current assets classified as held for sale

A non-current asset classified as held for sale (including disposal groups) is measured at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell, and are not subject to depreciation. Non-current assets, disposal groups and related liabilities and assets are treated as current and classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset's sale (or disposal group sale) is expected to be completed within 12 months from the date of classification.

### (m) Recognition and measurement of property, plant and equipment, infrastructure, intangibles

#### Acquisition

The purchase method of accounting is used for all acquisitions of assets, being the fair value of assets provided as consideration at the date of acquisition plus any incidental costs attributable to the acquisition. Fair value is the amount for which the asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

Where assets are constructed by Council, cost includes all materials used in construction, direct labour, borrowing costs incurred during construction, and an appropriate share of directly attributable variable and fixed overheads

In accordance with Council's policy, the threshold limits detailed in Note 1 n have applied when recognising assets within an applicable asset class and unless otherwise stated are consistent with the prior year.

### Revaluation

Subsequent to the initial recognition of assets, Land and Building and major Infrastructure assets, are measured at their fair value, being the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. At balance date, the Council reviewed the carrying value of the individual classes of assets measured at fair value to ensure that each asset materially approximated its fair value. Where the carrying value materially differed from the fair value at balance date, the class of asset was revalued.

Fair value valuations are determined in accordance with a valuation hierarchy. Changes to the valuation hierarchy will only occur if an external change in the restrictions or limitations of use on an asset result in changes to the permissible or practical highest and best use of the asset. Further details regarding the fair value hierarchy are disclosed at Note 24, Property, infrastructure and plant and equipment.

In addition, Council undertakes a formal revaluation of land, buildings, and major infrastructure assets on a regular basis ranging from 1 to 4 years. The valuation is performed either by experienced council officers or independent experts.

Where the assets are revalued, the revaluation increments are credited directly to the asset revaluation reserve except to the extent that an increment reverses a prior year decrement for that class of asset that had been recognised as an expense in which case the increment is recognised as revenue up to the amount of the expense. Revaluation decrements are recognised as an expense except where prior increments are included in the asset revaluation reserve for that class of asset in which case the decrement is taken to the reserve to the extent of the remaining increments. Within the same class of assets, revaluation increments and decrements within the year are offset.

## Note 1 Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

### (m)

## Recognition and measurement of property, plant and equipment, infrastructure, intangibles (cont'd)

Land under roads

Land under roads acquired after 30 June 2008 is brought to account using the cost basis. Council does not recognise land under roads that it controlled prior to that period in its financial report.

## (n) Depreciation and amortisation of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment and intangibles

Buildings, land improvements, plant and equipment, infrastructure, and other assets having limited useful lives are systematically depreciated over their useful lives to the Council in a manner which reflects consumption of the service potential embodied in those assets. Estimates of remaining useful lives and residual values are made on a regular basis with major asset classes reassessed annually. Depreciation rates and methods are reviewed annually.

Where assets have separate identifiable components that are subject to regular replacement, these components are assigned distinct useful lives and residual values and a separate depreciation rate is determined for each component.

Road earthworks are not depreciated on the basis that they are assessed as not having a limited useful life.

Straight line depreciation is charged based on the residual useful life as determined each year.

Depreciation periods used are listed below and are consistent with the prior year unless otherwise stated.

Asset recognition thresholds and depreciation periods	Depreciation Period Threshold Limit			
	years	\$'000		
Property				
land	-	-		
land improvements	-	10		
Buildings		_		
3	0 - 200	5		
	0 - 100	5		
3 P	0 - 100	5		
Plant and Equipment				
plant, machinery and equipment	5 - 15	5		
fixtures, fittings and furniture	8 - 15	5		
computers and telecommunications	3 - 15	5		
Infrastructure				
	10 - 70	10		
road substructure	10 - 70	10		
road formation and earthworks	0	10		
road kerb, channel and minor culverts	10 - 70	10		
bridges deck 2	0 - 100	10		
bridges substructure 2	0 - 100	10		
footpaths and cycleways	10 - 50	10		
drainage 2	0 - 100	10		
recreational, leisure and community facilities	10 - 70	5		
parks, open space and streetscapes	25	5		
off street car parks	10 - 70	10		
Intangible assets				
intangible assets	5	5		

## (o) Repairs and maintenance

Routine maintenance, repair costs, and minor renewal costs are expensed as incurred. Where the repair relates to the replacement of a component of an asset and the cost exceeds the capitalisation threshold the cost is capitalised and depreciated. The carrying value of the replaced asset is expensed.

## Note 1 Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

### (p) Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the Council reviews the carrying value of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the assets carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the comprehensive income statement, unless the asset is carried at the revalued amount in which case, the impairment loss is recognised directly against the revaluation surplus in respect of the same class of asset to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount in the revaluation surplus for that same class of asset.

#### (q) Trust funds and deposits

Amounts received as deposits and retention amounts controlled by Council are recognised as trust funds until they are returned, transferred in accordance with the purpose of the receipt, or forfeited (refer to Note 27).

### (r) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially measured at fair value, being the cost of the interest bearing liabilities, net of transaction costs. The measurement basis subsequent to initial recognition depends on whether the Council has categorised its interest-bearing liabilities as either financial liabilities designated at fair value through the profit and loss, or financial liabilities at amortised cost. Any difference between the initial recognised amount and the redemption value is recognised in net result over the period of the borrowing using the effective interest method.

The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the interest bearing liabilities. The Council determines the classification of its interest bearing liabilities at initial recognition.

#### Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred, except where they are capitalised as part of a qualifying asset constructed by Council. Except where specific borrowings are obtained for the purpose of specific asset acquisition, the weighted average interest rate applicable to borrowings at balance date, excluding borrowings associated with superannuation, is used to determine the borrowing costs to be capitalised.

Borrowing costs include interest on bank overdrafts, fees, interest on borrowings, and finance lease charges.

## (s) Employee costs and benefits

The calculation of employee costs and benefits includes all relevant on-costs and are calculated as follows at reporting date

## Wages and salaries and annual leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulated sick leave expected to be wholly settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in the provision for employee benefits in respect of employee services up to the reporting date, classified as current liabilities and measured at their nominal values.

Liabilities that are not expected to be wholly settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in the provision for employee benefits as current liabilities, measured at present value of the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled using the remuneration rate expected to apply at the time of settlement.

## Note 1 Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

### (s) Employee costs and benefits (cont'd)

#### Long service leave

Liability for long service leave (LSL) is recognised in the provision for employee benefits.

Current Liability - unconditional LSL is disclosed as a current liability even when the council does not expect to settle the liability within 12 months because it will not have the unconditional right to defer settlement of the entitlement should an employee take leave within 12 months

The components of this current liability are measured at:

- present value component that is not expected to be wholly settled within 12 months.
- nominal value component that is expected to be wholly settled within 12 months.

#### Classification of employee costs

Non-current liability - conditional LSL that has been accrued, where an employee is yet to reach a qualifying term of employment, is disclosed as a non - current liability. There is an unconditional right to defer settlement of the entitlement until the employee has completed the requisite years of service. This non-current LSL liability is measured at present value.

### (t) Leases

#### Finance leases

Leases of assets where substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the asset, are transferred to the Council are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised, recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the fair value of the asset and the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual value. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the interest expense. Leased assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives to the Council where it is likely that the Council will obtain ownership of the asset or over the term of the lease, whichever is the shorter. Leased assets are currently being amortised over the term of the lease.

### Operating leases

Lease payments for operating leases are required by the accounting standard to be recognised on a straight line basis, rather than expensed in the years in which they are incurred.

### (u) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the Statement of Cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

## (v) Financial guarantees

Financial guarantee contracts are not recognised as a liability in the balance sheet unless the lender has exercised their right to call on the guarantee or Council has other reasons to believe that it is probably that the right will be exercised. Details of guarantees that Council has provided, that are not recognised in the balance sheet are disclosed at Note 36 Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets.

## Note 1 Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

## (w) Contingent assets and contingent liabilities and commitments

Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet, but are disclosed by way of a note and, if quantifiable, are measured at nominal value. Contingent assets and liabilities are presented inclusive of GST receivable or payable respectively.

Commitments are not recognised in the Balance Sheet. Commitments are disclosed at their nominal value by way of note and presented inclusive of the GST payable.

## (x) Pending accounting standards

Certain new AAS's have been issued that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2016 reporting period. Council has assessed these pending standards and has identified that no material impact will flow from the application of these standards in future reporting periods.

## (y) Rounding

Unless otherwise stated, amounts in the financial report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars. Figures in the financial statement may not equate due to rounding.

## Note 2 Budget comparison

The budget comparison notes compare Council's financial plan, expressed through its annual budget, with actual performance. The *Local Government (Planning and Reporting) Regulations 2014* requires explanation of any material variances. Council has adopted a materiality threshold of the lower of 10% percent or \$500K where further explanation is warranted. Explanations have not been provided for variations below the materiality threshold unless the variance is considered to be material because of its nature.

The budget figures detailed below are those adopted by Council on 15 June 2015. The Budget was based on assumptions that were relevant at the time of adoption of the Budget. Council sets guidelines and parameters for revenue and expense targets in this budget in order to meet Council's planning and financial performance targets for both the short and long-term. The budget did not reflect any changes to equity resulting from asset revaluations, as their impacts were not considered predictable.

These notes are prepared to meet the requirements of the Local Government Act 1989 and the Local Government (Planning and Reporting) Regulations 2014.

## a) Income and Expenditure

	Budget	Actual	Variance	
	2016	2016	2016	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	Ref
Income				
Rates and charges	72,153	73,921	1,768	1
Statutory fees and fines	2,906	3,798	892	2
User fees	2,275	2,740	465	3
Grants - operating	11,401	7,279	(4,122)	4
Grants - capital	3,943	12,486	8,543	5
Contributions - monetary	1,547	11,460	9,913	6
Contributions - non monetary	1,100	46,688	45,588	7
Net gain on asset revaluation	-	3,972	3,972	8
Share of net profits of associates	-	159	159	9
Other income	2,934	6,381	3,447	10
Total income	98,259	168,884	70,625	
Expenses				
Employee costs	29,942	31,069	(1,127)	11
Materials and services	37,461	42,475	(5,014)	12
Bad and doubtful debts	168	168	-	
Depreciation and amortisation	16,996	18,483	(1,487)	13
Borrowing costs	4,183	3,738	445	14
Net loss on disposal of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment	-	351	(351)	15
Other expenses	2,237	2,289	(52)	
Total expenses	90,987	98,573	(7,586)	
Surplus for the year	7,272	70,311	63,039	

Note 2 Budget comparison (cont'd) a) Income and Expenditure (cont'd)

## (i) Explanation of material variations

Variance Ref	Item	Explanation
1	Rates and charges	Rates, including supplementary rates, are better than budget due to an increase in the number of rateable properties. Income from the garbage charge and the green waste bin charge is overall in line with budget.
2	Statutory fees and fines	Development fees (design checking and supervision) are better than budget due to increased development activity, and Health, Planning and Animal fees are all better than budget due to a higher number of registrations and applications, but have been partly offset by Animal and Local Laws fines which are both under budget due to better compliance.
3	User fees	Favourable variance is primarily due to the recognition of better than budgeted section 86 committee income, and unbudgeted income from the AFL NAB Challenge football match held in February. Income from the Cardinia Cultural Centre is also better than budgeted due to increased events and patronage.
4	Grants - operating	Part of the 2015/16 Victoria Grants Commission (VGC) grant was received and recognised in 2014/15, leading to a significant unfavourable variance in 2015/16. This has been partly offset by the receipt of unbudgeted grants, the most significant being the Linking Learning grant in Children's Services.
5	Grants - capital	Capital grants are better than budget primarily due to the receipt of unbudgeted grants, the major ones being from the State Government Interface Growth Fund for the IYU and Heatherbrae Recreation Reserves projects, and Blackspot road funding from VicRoads. The budgeted grant for road pavement renewals (Roads to Recovery) was better than budgeted due to a higher allocation from the Federal Government, but has been partially offset by the capital portion of the VGC grant which was partly prepaid in 2014/15.
6	Contributions - monetary	This includes operating and capital cash contributions, as well as development levies. Development levies include developer levies, community infrastructure levies, and public open space levies, and make up most of the favourable variance, which is due to increased development activity.
7	Contributions - non monetary	Non-cash contributions includes roads, footpaths, drains, bridges, and land under roads contributed by developers. The value of developer contributed assets for the year is significantly better than budget, due to the budget being a conservative estimate of contributions to be received.
8	Net gain on asset revaluation	This is an accounting entry to reflect road revaluation increases, and offset the decreases recognised in 2014/15.
9	Share of net profits of associates	This is an accounting entry to recognise the increase in Council's share of the equity of the Casey-Cardinia Library Corporation.
10	Other income	Favourable variance primarily relates to cost recovery income, which are costs recovered from external parties for expenditure incurred, which is better the budget, the most significant item being drainage works done on behalf of Melbourne Water. Additionally, income from interest on investments is better than budgeted due to higher cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets balances than budgeted.
11	Employee costs	Employee costs are over budget due to staffing changes made during the year, additional unbudgeted costs incurred during the year due to new programmes & extension of existing programmes, and an increase in employee leave provisions.
12	Materials and services	Unfavourable variance is mainly due to the recognition of project operating expenditure which is budgeted in the Capital Works Program, and the cost of drainage works done on behalf of Melbourne Water (refer Note 9 above).
13	Depreciation and amortisation	Depreciation is over budget due to an increase in value of infrastructure assets following revaluation in 2014/15.
14	Borrowing costs	Interest on loans are under budget primarily due to the budgeted 2015/16 not being drawn down and the repayments of other loans when due.
15	Net loss on disposal of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment	Value of assets disposed during the year, which were not budgeted, have been partially offset by favourable variances from the net proceeds from sale of land and plant.

## Note 2 Budget comparison (cont'd)

b) Capital Works				
	Budget	Actual	Variance	
	2016	2016	2016	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	Ref
Property				
Land	5,402	3,098	(2,304)	1
Total Land	5,402	3,098	(2,304)	
Buildings	11,668	6,634	(5,034)	2
Heritage buildings	-	827	827	3
Building improvements	-	271	271	4
Total Buildings	11,668	7,732	(3,936)	
Total Property	17,070	10,830	(6,240)	
Plant and Equipment				
Plant, machinery and equipment	2,021	1,291	(730)	5
Fixtures, fittings and furniture	400	37	(363)	6
Computers and telecommunications	-	103	103	7
Total Plant and Equipment	2,421	1,431	(990)	
Infrastructure				
Roads	6,322	8,972	2,650	8
Bridges	600	705	105	9
Footpaths and cycleways	1,168	1,274	106	
Drainage	300	323	23	
Recreational, leisure and community facilities	2,640	1,523	(1,117)	10
Off street car parks	-	350	350	11
Other infrastructure	-	43	43	12
Total Infrastructure	11,030	13,190	2,160	
Total Capital Works Expenditure	30,521	25,451	(5,070)	
Represented by:				
New asset expenditure	19,745	14,385	(5,360)	13
Asset renewal expenditure	8,971	8,328	(643)	14
Asset upgrade expenditure	1,805	2,738	933	15
Total Capital Works Expenditure	30,521	25,451	(5,070)	

## Note 2 Budget comparison (cont'd) b) Capital Works (cont'd)

## (i) Explanation of material variations

Variance Ref	ltem	Explanation
1	Land	Budgeted purchase of land for James Bathe Recreation Reserve did not occur, and has been partly offset by other purchases of land for future development.
2	Buildings	Major variances are due to projects budgeted in this category being behind schedule. Hills Hub - community consultation process taking longer than anticipated, Lang Lang sporting facilities - completion of master plan with user group taking more time & Emerald Netball Pavilion & Courts - rezoning of the land creating a large number of objections and now waiting for planning approval.  And also some expenditure was included in other categories.
3	Heritage buildings	Primarily relates to Ash Wednesday Memorial Shelter at Cockatoo which was not budgeted in 2015/16.
4	Building improvements	Mainly relates to improvements at the Municipal depot in Pakenham and is budgeted in buildings categiry.
5	Plant, machinery and equipment	Scheduled replacement of several items of plant and equipment did not occur this financial year, but are expected to be replaced next year.
6	Fixtures, fittings and furniture	The favourable variance is mainly due to the Information Technology (IT) strategy and Geographic Information System (GIS) strategy projects which are both budgeted in this category, but expended in Intangible Assets.
7	Computers and telecommunications	Majority of the expenditure is for work at the Cardinia Cultural Centre and has been budgeted in Buildings category.
8	Roads	Works at IYU Recreation Reserve are budgeted in Recreational Leisure and Community Facilities category, and over expenditure on pavement renewal works have been funded by additional Roads to Recovery grant income.
9	Bridges	Over expenditure in the bridges replacement program is funded by unspent expenditure from previous years and unbudgeted grant funding.
10	Recreational, leisure and community facilities	Major variance is for work at IYU Recreation Reserve, which is budgeted in this category but has been mostly expended under Roads.
11	Off street car parks	Expenditure is primarily for works at Toomah Community Centre, funded in previous years, and the car parks and lane ways sealing programs which is budgeted in the Roads category.
12	Other infrastructure	This relates to expenditure in the Open Space Renewal Program and is budgeted in Recreation, Leisure and Community Facilities category.
13	New asset expenditure	The major projects included as new assets are the purchase of land for James Bathe Recreation Reserve, and works at the Hills Hub, IYU Recreation Reserve and Officer Secondary College stadium. The variance is mainly a result of the James Bathe land purchase not occurring and the Hills Hub behind schedule as mentioned above
14	Asset renewal expenditure	Asset renewal projects are under budget, the major variances being in the plant replacement program and renewal of netabll facilities, partly offset by over expenditure on pavement renewal works.
15	Asset upgrade expenditure	Asset upgrade projects are over budget, primarily due to expenditure on projects not budgeted this financial year, such as special charge schemes and road 'blackspot' projects, but funded by unspent expenditure from previous years and unbudgeted grants.

		2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Note 3	Rates and charges	\$ 000	¥ 000
	Council uses Capital Improved Value (CIV) as the basis of valuation of all properties within the municipal district. The CIV of a property is the market value as determined by the Municipal Valuer as at 1 January 2014.		
	The valuation base used to calculate general rates for 2015/16 was \$15,786 million (2014/15 \$15,353 million). The 2015/16 rate in the CIV dollar was $0.003607$ (2014/15, $0.003419$ ).		
	General Rates	62,184	56,595
	Waste management charge	10,220	9,855
	Supplementary rates and rate adjustments	1,416	1,931
	Cultural and recreational	101	24
	Total rates and charges	73,921	68,405
	The date of the latest general revaluation of land for rating purposes within the municipal district was 1 January 2016, and the valuation will be first applied in the rating year commencing 1 July 2016.		
Note 4			
	Statutory fees and fines		
	Statutory fees and fines Infringements and costs	1,016	811
	·	1,016 -	811 12
	Infringements and costs	1,016 - 1,797	
	Infringements and costs Court recoveries	-	12
	Infringements and costs Court recoveries Town planning fees	1,797	12 1,386 84 875
	Infringements and costs Court recoveries Town planning fees Land information certificates	1,797 89	12 1,386 84
Note 5	Infringements and costs Court recoveries Town planning fees Land information certificates Permits	1,797 89 896	12 1,386 84 875
Note 5	Infringements and costs Court recoveries Town planning fees Land information certificates Permits Total statutory fees and fines	1,797 89 896	12 1,386 84 875
Note 5	Infringements and costs Court recoveries Town planning fees Land information certificates Permits Total statutory fees and fines User fees	1,797 89 896 3,798	12 1,386 84 875 3,168
Note 5	Infringements and costs Court recoveries Town planning fees Land information certificates Permits Total statutory fees and fines User fees Aged and health services	1,797 89 896 3,798	12 1,386 84 875 3,168
Note 5	Infringements and costs Court recoveries Town planning fees Land information certificates Permits Total statutory fees and fines User fees Aged and health services Leisure centre and recreation	1,797 89 896 3,798	12 1,386 84 875 3,168
Note 5	Infringements and costs Court recoveries Town planning fees Land information certificates Permits Total statutory fees and fines User fees  Aged and health services Leisure centre and recreation Child care/children's programs Parking Registration and other permits	1,797 89 896 3,798 53 1,640 141 80 456	122 1,386 84 875 3,168 61 1,300 1,656 78 368
Note 5	Infringements and costs Court recoveries Town planning fees Land information certificates Permits Total statutory fees and fines  User fees  Aged and health services Leisure centre and recreation Child care/children's programs Parking Registration and other permits Building services	1,797 89 896 3,798 53 1,640 141 80 456 233	12 1,386 84 875 3,168 61 1,300 1,656 78
Note 5	Infringements and costs Court recoveries Town planning fees Land information certificates Permits Total statutory fees and fines User fees  Aged and health services Leisure centre and recreation Child care/children's programs Parking Registration and other permits	1,797 89 896 3,798 53 1,640 141 80 456	122 1,386 84 875 3,168 61 1,300 1,656 78 368

		2016	2015
		\$'000	\$'000
Note 6	Grants		
	Grants were received in respect of the following :		
	Summary of grants		
	Commonwealth funded grants	8,960	16,333
	State funded grants	10,805	9,188
	Total *	19,765	25,521
	Operating Grants		
R	ecurrent - Commonwealth Government		
	Victoria Grants Commission	4,669	13,572
	Family and children	-	141
	Environment and Heritage	-	6
	Other	-	20
R	ecurrent - State Government		
	School crossing supervisors	203	180
	Maternal and child health	979	941
	Recreation	95	122
	Community safety	78	120
	Best Start Program	88	129
	Community Health	348	906
	Disability	139	133
	Emergency Management	60	60
	Environment and Heritage	203	332
	Family and children	364	188
	Local infrastructure	4	4,863
	Other	49	86
	Total recurrent operating grants	7,279	21,801
	Total operating grants	7,279	21,801
	Capital Grants		
R	ecurrent - Commonwealth Government		
	Victoria Grants Commission	356	1,077
	Roads to recovery	3,345	1,171
	Total recurrent capital grants	3,701	2,248
N	on-recurrent - Commonwealth Government		
	Local infrastructure	210	346
	Recreation	380	-
N	on-recurrent - State Government		
	Local infrastructure	2,282	948
	Recreation	5,913	179
	Total non-recurrent capital grants	8,785	1,472
	Total capital grants	12,486	3,720
		40.705	25,521
	Total	19,765	23,321
	Conditions on grants		
	Grants recognised as revenue during the year that were obtained on condition that they		
	be expended in a specified manner that had not occurred at balance date were:	2.000	4 700
	O	3,288	1,703
	Grants which were recognised as revenue in prior years and were expended during the current year in the manner specified by the grantor were:	(4.500)	(4.000)
	Net increase in restricted assets resulting from grant revenues for the year:	(1,563) 1,725	(1,236) <b>467</b>
	Net increase in restricted assets resulting from grant revenues for the year.	1,723	407
*	See Note 2 for explanation regarding the grant movement		
	Unspent grants received on condition that they be spent in a specific manner		
	Balance at start of year	2,496	2,028
	Received during the financial year and remained unspent at balance date	3,288	1,703
	Received in prior years and spent during the financial year	(1,563)	(1,236)
	Balance at year end	4,221	2,496

пстат керогі	FOI the Teal Ended 30 Julie 2016		
		2016	2015
		\$'000	\$'000
Note 7	Contributions		
	Monetary	11,460	11,920
	Non-monetary	46,688	39,351
	Total contributions	58,148	51,271
			V.,
	Contributions of non monetary assets were received in relation to the following asset		
	classes.		
	Land	9,656	2,645
	Roads	11,717	12,971
	Other infrastructure	13,740	14,653
	Other	11,575	9,082
		46,688	39,351
	Total non-monetary contributions	40,000	00,001
Note 8	Net loss on disposal of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment		
	Gross Proceeds of sale	2,128	15,255
	Less Costs incurred by Developers	-	(11,460)
	Net Proceeds received by Council	2,128	3,795
	Write down value of assets disposed	,	,
		(2,479) ( <b>351)</b>	(4,656)
	Total net loss on disposal of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment	(331)	(861)
Note 9	Net gain on asset revaluation		
	Land		2,800
		2 020	
	Roads	3,930	(8,888)
	Off street car parks	42	(161)
	Total net gain on asset revaluation	3,972	(6,249)
N	Out :		
Note10	Other income		
	Interest	1,393	1,429
	Other recoveries	3,276	2,414
	Other	1,712	1,741
	Total other income	6,381	5,584
Note 11 (a)	Employee costs		
note 11 (u)	Employee code		
	Wages and salaries	27,375	27,669
	WorkCover	396	511
	Casual Staff	480	383
	Superannuation	2,435	2,422
	Fringe benefits tax	362	342
	Other	21	25
	Total employee costs	31,069	31,352
Note 11 (b)	Superannuation		
	Council made contributions to the following funds:		
	D.C. 11. Ct. 1		
	Defined benefit fund	160	160
	Employer contributions to Local Authorities Superannuation Fund (Vision Super)	162	169
		162	169
	Franksis and Marketine and the standard of		
	Employer contributions payable at reporting date.		
	Accumulation funds		
	Employer contributions to Local Authorities Superannuation Fund (Vision Super)	2,273	2,253
		2,273	2,253
	Employer contributions payable at reporting date.	73	18
	F - Y	13	10

Refer to note 35 for further information relating to Council's superannuation obligations.

Note 12   Materials and services   \$000   \$00	ancial Report	For the Year Ended 30 June 2016		
Building maintenance				2015
Ceneral maintenance	Note 12	Materials and services	\$.000	\$'000
Ceneral maintenance		Ruilding maintenance	231	243
Office administration   286   32   167		· ·		2,851
Information technology				322
Materials and services				
Contract payments				
Utilities			,	
Consultants   1,265   4,74   740   720   740		• •		
Insurance				
Note 13   Bad and doubtful debts   Local laws   Rates debtors   Cheer   State   Stat				
Note 13   Bad and doubtful debts		<u> </u>		720
Local laws   Rates debtors   - 57		Total materials and services	42,475	40,173
Rates debtors	Note 13	Bad and doubtful debts		
Rates debtors		I ocal laws	83	170
Other Total bad and doubtful debts         85         8           Total bad and doubtful debts         168         82           Note 14         Depreciation and amortisation         2           Property         4,090         2,88           Plant and equipment Infrastructure         1,630         1,55           Total depreciation         18,381         15,50           Intensplice assets         122         6           Total depreciation and amortisation         18,483         15,57           Refer to note 24 and 25 for a more detailed breakdown of depreciation and amortisation charges         18,483         15,57           Note 15         Borrowing costs         3,533         4,01           Interest - Borrowings         3,533         4,01           Bank charges         205         19           Total borrowing costs         3,738         4,20           Note 16         Other expenses         205         19           Auditors' remuneration - VAGO - audit of the financial statements, performance statement and grant acquitals         84         7           Auditors' remuneration - Internal         102         10           Councillors' allowances         290         28           Operating lease rentals         558         71 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>571</td>			-	571
Note 14   Depreciation and amortisation   Property			95	86
Property				827
Property	Note 44	<del>-</del>		
Plant and equipment   1,630   1,55     Infrastructure   12,641   11,05     Total depreciation   18,361   15,50     Intangible assets   122   60     Total depreciation and amortisation   18,483   15,57     Refer to note 24 and 25 for a more detailed breakdown of depreciation and amortisation charges     Interest - Borrowings   3,533   4,01     Bank charges   205   19     Total borrowing costs   3,738   4,20     Note 16 Other expenses   205   19     Total borrowing costs   205   19     Total comment and grant acquitates   205   205   205     Auditors' remuneration - VAGO - audit of the financial statements, performance   84   7     Statement and grant acquitates   200   200   200   200     Operating lease rentals   558   71     Other expenses   1,255   34     Other expenses   1,255   34     Total other expenses   2,289   2,13     Note 17 Investment in associates     Investments in associates   1,591   1,43     Fair value of Council's investment in Casey Cardinia Library Corporation   1,591   1,43     Council's share of accumulated surplus   1,692   2,00     Reported surplus for year   1,432   1,39     Reported surplus for the year   1,432   1,39     Reported surplus for the year   1,432   1,39     Distributions for the year   1,432   1,39     D	Note 14	Depreciation and amortisation		
Plant and equipment   1,630   1,55     Infrastructure   12,641   11,05     Total depreciation   18,361   15,50     Intangible assets   122   60     Total depreciation and amortisation   18,483   15,57     Refer to note 24 and 25 for a more detailed breakdown of depreciation and amortisation charges     Interest - Borrowings   3,533   4,01     Bank charges   205   19     Total borrowing costs   3,738   4,20     Note 16 Other expenses   205   19     Total borrowing costs   205   19     Total comment and grant acquitates   205   205   205     Auditors' remuneration - VAGO - audit of the financial statements, performance   84   7     Statement and grant acquitates   200   200   200   200     Operating lease rentals   558   71     Other expenses   1,255   34     Other expenses   1,255   34     Total other expenses   2,289   2,13     Note 17 Investment in associates     Investments in associates   1,591   1,43     Fair value of Council's investment in Casey Cardinia Library Corporation   1,591   1,43     Council's share of accumulated surplus   1,692   2,00     Reported surplus for year   1,432   1,39     Reported surplus for the year   1,432   1,39     Reported surplus for the year   1,432   1,39     Distributions for the year   1,432   1,39     D		Property	4.090	2,894
Infrastructure         12,641         11,05           Total depreciation         18,361         15,50           Intangible assets         122         6           Total depreciation and amortisation         18,483         15,57           Refer to note 24 and 25 for a more detailed breakdown of depreciation and amortisation charges         15,57           Note 15         Borrowing costs         3,533         4,01           Interest - Borrowings         3,533         4,01           Bank charges         205         19           Total borrowing costs         3,738         4,20           Note 16         Other expenses         205         19           Auditors' remuneration - VAGO - audit of the financial statements, performance statement and grant acquitlats         84         7           Auditors' remuneration - Internal         102         10           Councillors' allowances         290         28           Operating lease rentals         558         71           Other expenses         1,255         94           Total other expenses         1,255         94           Total other expenses         1,255         94           Investment in associates         1,591         1,43           Investments in associat				1,552
Total depreciation         18,361         15,50           Intangible assels         122         6           Total depreciation and amortisation         18,483         15,57           Refer to note 24 and 25 for a more detailed breakdown of depreciation and amortisation charges         18,483         15,57           Note 15         Borrowing costs         3,533         4,01           Bank charges         205         19           Total borrowing costs         205         19           Note 16         Other expenses         205         19           Auditors' remuneration - VAGO - audit of the financial statements, performance statement and grant acquitals         84         7           Auditors' remuneration - Internal         102         10           Councillors' allowances         290         28           Operating lease rentals         558         71           Other expenses         1,255         34           Total other expenses         1,255         34           Total other expenses         2,289         2,13           Note 17         Investment in associates           Investments in associates         1,591         1,43           Investment in associates accounted for by the equity method is:         1,591         1,43		• •		
Intangible assets   122   18,483   15,57     Refer to note 24 and 25 for a more detailed breakdown of depreciation and amortisation charges		<del>-</del>		
Total depreciation and amortisation Refer to note 24 and 25 for a more detailed breakdown of depreciation and amortisation charges  Note 15 Borrowing costs  Interest - Borrowings 3,533 4,01 Bank charges 205 19 Total borrowing costs 3,738 4,20  Note 16 Other expenses  Auditors' remuneration - VAGO - audit of the financial statements, performance 84 7 statement and grant acquitals Auditors' remuneration - Internal 102 10 Councillors' allowances 290 28 Operating lease rentals 558 77 Other expenses 1,255 94 Total other expenses 1,255 94 Total other expenses 1,255 94 Total other expenses 2,289 2,13  Note 17 Investment in associates Investments in associates Investments in associates accounted for by the equity method is: Casey Cardinia Library Corporation 1,591 1,43 Fair value of Council's investment in Casey Cardinia Library Corporation 1,591 1,43 Council's share of accumulated surplus Council's share of accumulated surplus at start of year 1,432 1,39 Reported surplus for year 1,26 2 Distributions for the year 3,3 11		<del>-</del>		66
Note 15 Borrowing costs  Interest - Borrowings 3,533 4,01 Bank charges 205 19 Total borrowing costs 3,738 4,20  Note 16 Other expenses  Auditors' remuneration - VAGO - audit of the financial statements, performance 84 7 statement and grant acquitals Auditors' remuneration - Internal 102 100 Councillors' allowances 290 280 Operating lease rentals 558 71 Other expenses 1,255 94 Total other expenses 1,255 94 Total other expenses 2,289 2,133  Note 17 Investment in associates Investments in associates Investments in associates Casey Cardinia Library Corporation 1,591 1,43 Fair value of Council's investment in Casey Cardinia Library Corporation 1,591 1,43 Council's share of accumulated surplus Council's share of accumulated surplus at start of year 1,432 1,33 Reported surplus for year 1,432 1,33 Reported surplus for year 1,26 2 Distributions for the year 3,33 11		· ·		
Interest - Borrowings Bank charges Total borrowing costs  Auditors' remuneration - VAGO - audit of the financial statements, performance statement and grant acquitals Auditors' remuneration - Internal Auditors' remuneration - Internal Counciliors' allowances Operating lease rentals Other expenses Total other expenses Total other expenses 1,255 94 Total other expenses 1,255 94 Total other expenses 1,255 Investment in associates Investments in associates Investments in associates Casey Cardinia Library Corporation Fair value of Council's investment in Casey Cardinia Library Corporation Fair value of Council's share of accumulated surplus Council's share of accumulated surplus Reported surplus for year Distributions for the year		·	10,403	15,571
Note 16   Other expenses	Note 15	Borrowing costs		
Bank charges         205         19           Total borrowing costs         3,738         4,20           Note 16         Other expenses         Auditors' remuneration - VAGO - audit of the financial statements, performance statement and grant acquitals         84         7           Auditors' remuneration - Internal         102         10           Councillors' allowances         290         28           Operating lease rentals         558         71           Other expenses         1,255         94           Total other expenses         2,289         2,13           Note 17         Investment in associates           Investments in associates         1,591         1,43           Casey Cardinia Library Corporation         1,591         1,43           Fair value of Council's investment in Casey Cardinia Library Corporation         1,591         1,43           Council's share of accumulated surplus         Council's share of accumulated surplus at start of year         1,432         1,39           Reported surplus for year         1,26         2           Distributions for the year         33         1				
Note 16         Other expenses         84         7           Auditors' remuneration - VAGO - audit of the financial statements, performance statement and grant acquitals         84         7           Auditors' remuneration - Internal         102         10           Councillors' allowances         290         28           Operating lease rentals         558         71           Other expenses         1,255         34           Total other expenses         2,289         2,13           Note 17         Investment in associates           Investments in associates         1,591         1,43           Fair value of Council's investment in Casey Cardinia Library Corporation         1,591         1,43           Council's share of accumulated surplus         Council's share of accumulated surplus at start of year         1,432         1,39           Reported surplus for year         126         2           Distributions for the year         33         1		-		4,011
Auditors' remuneration - VAGO - audit of the financial statements, performance statement and grant acquitals Auditors' remuneration - Internal 102 10 Councillors' allowances 290 28 Operating lease rentals 558 71 Other expenses 1,255 34 Total other expenses 1,255 34 Total other expenses 2,289 2,13  Note 17 Investment in associates Investments in associates Investments in associates Investments in associates Casey Cardinia Library Corporation 1,591 1,43 Fair value of Council's investment in Casey Cardinia Library Corporation 1,591 1,43  Council's share of accumulated surplus Council's share of accumulated surplus 1,432 1,33 Reported surplus for year 1,432 1,33 Reported surplus for year 1,432 1,33 Reported surplus for year 1,432 1,33		<u> </u>		191
Auditors' remuneration - VAGO - audit of the financial statements, performance statement and grant acquitals  Auditors' remuneration - Internal 102 10  Councillors' allowances 290 28  Operating lease rentals 558 71  Other expenses 1,255 94  Total other expenses 1,255 94  Total other expenses 2,289 2,13  Note 17 Investment in associates  Investments in associates  Investments in associates  Investments in associates  Casey Cardinia Library Corporation 1,591 1,43  Fair value of Council's investment in Casey Cardinia Library Corporation 1,591 1,43  Council's share of accumulated surplus  Council's share of accumulated surplus at start of year 1,432 1,33  Reported surplus for year 126 2  Distributions for the year 33 1		Total borrowing costs	3,738	4,202
Statement and grant acquitals   Auditors' remuneration - Internal   102   102   203   204   204   205   20	Note 16	Other expenses		
Auditors' remuneration - Internal 102 100 Councillors' allowances 290 28 Operating lease rentals 558 71 Other expenses 1,255 94 Total other expenses 2,289 2,13  Note 17 Investment in associates Investments in associates Investments in associates Investments in associates Casey Cardinia Library Corporation 1,591 1,43 Fair value of Council's investment in Casey Cardinia Library Corporation 1,591 1,43  Council's share of accumulated surplus Council's share of accumulated surplus at start of year 1,432 1,39 Reported surplus for year 126 2 Distributions for the year 33 11			84	78
Councillors' allowances         290         28           Operating lease rentals         558         71           Other expenses         1,255         94           Total other expenses         2,289         2,13           Note 17 Investment in associates           Investments in associates           Investments in associates         1,591         1,43           Casey Cardinia Library Corporation         1,591         1,43           Fair value of Council's investment in Casey Cardinia Library Corporation         1,591         1,43           Council's share of accumulated surplus         2         1,432         1,33           Reported surplus for year         1,26         2           Distributions for the year         33         1			102	106
Operating lease rentals   558   71				
Other expenses         1,255         94           Total other expenses         2,289         2,13           Note 17         Investment in associates         Investments in associates           Investments in associates accounted for by the equity method is:         Casey Cardinia Library Corporation         1,591         1,43           Fair value of Council's investment in Casey Cardinia Library Corporation         1,591         1,43           Council's share of accumulated surplus           Council's share of accumulated surplus at start of year         1,432         1,33           Reported surplus for year         126         2           Distributions for the year         33         1				280
Total other expenses 2,289 2,13  Note 17 Investment in associates  a) Investments in associates Investments in associates Investments in associates Casey Cardinia Library Corporation 1,591 1,43 Fair value of Council's investment in Casey Cardinia Library Corporation 1,591 1,43  Council's share of accumulated surplus Council's share of accumulated surplus at start of year 1,432 1,39 Reported surplus for year 126 2 Distributions for the year 33 11		. •		718
Note 17 Investment in associates  a) Investments in associates Investments in associates accounted for by the equity method is: Casey Cardinia Library Corporation Tair value of Council's investment in Casey Cardinia Library Corporation  Council's share of accumulated surplus Council's share of accumulated surplus at start of year Reported surplus for year Distributions for the year  126 2		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		948
a) Investments in associates Investments in associates accounted for by the equity method is: Casey Cardinia Library Corporation 1,591 1,43 Fair value of Council's investment in Casey Cardinia Library Corporation 1,591 1,43  Council's share of accumulated surplus Council's share of accumulated surplus at start of year 1,432 1,39 Reported surplus for year 126 2 Distributions for the year 33 11		l otal other expenses	2,289	2,130
Investments in associates accounted for by the equity method is:           Casey Cardinia Library Corporation         1,591         1,43           Fair value of Council's investment in Casey Cardinia Library Corporation         1,591         1,43           Council's share of accumulated surplus           Council's share of accumulated surplus at start of year         1,432         1,39           Reported surplus for year         126         2           Distributions for the year         33         1	Note 17	Investment in associates		
Casey Cardinia Library Corporation         1,591         1,43           Fair value of Council's investment in Casey Cardinia Library Corporation         1,591         1,43           Council's share of accumulated surplus           Council's share of accumulated surplus at start of year         1,432         1,39           Reported surplus for year         126         2           Distributions for the year         33         1		a) Investments in associates		
Fair value of Council's investment in Casey Cardinia Library Corporation 1,591 1,43  Council's share of accumulated surplus  Council's share of accumulated surplus at start of year 1,432 1,39  Reported surplus for year 126 2  Distributions for the year 33 11		Investments in associates accounted for by the equity method is:		
Council's share of accumulated surplus  Council's share of accumulated surplus at start of year 1,432 1,39  Reported surplus for year 126 2  Distributions for the year 33 1		Casey Cardinia Library Corporation	1,591	1,432
Council's share of accumulated surplus at start of year         1,432         1,392           Reported surplus for year         126         2           Distributions for the year         33         1		Fair value of Council's investment in Casey Cardinia Library Corporation	1,591	1,432
Council's share of accumulated surplus at start of year         1,432         1,392           Reported surplus for year         126         2           Distributions for the year         33         1		Council's share of accumulated surplus		
Reported surplus for year         126         2           Distributions for the year         33         1			1.432	1,395
Distributions for the year 33 1				26
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				11
Ocuments smalle or accumulated surprise at end or year 1,391 1,43				
		Countries shale of accumulated surplus at end Of year	1,391	1,432

### Background

Library service run by City of Casey and Cardinia Shire Council. Cardinia Shire has equity in the library. The equity for 2015/16 (based on the audited library statements) is 26.2% (2014/15 25.6%)

16 Financial Report	For the Year Ended 30 June 2016		
Note 18	Cash and cash equivalents	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
11010 10	out the out official	<b>\$</b> 555	<b>\$</b> 000
	Cash on hand	3	2
	Cash at bank	13,467	13,642
	Term Deposit	10,000	3,000
	Councile such and such assistance are subject to subject to subject that finite assistance	23,470	16,644
	Councils cash and cash equivalents are subject to external restrictions that limit amounts available for discretionary use. These include:		
	- Trust funds and deposits (Note 27)	9,896	5,405
	Total restricted funds	9,896	5,405
	Total unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	13,574	11,239
Note 19	Trade and other receivables		
	Current		
	Rates debtors	6,973	6,896
	Infringement debtors	247	138
	Cardinia road developer contribution plan debtors	5,862	3,269
	Officer developer contribution plan debtors	4,899	813
	Vicroads developer contribution plan debtors	5,586	2,979
	Net GST receivable	1,251	1,077
	Other debtors	1,274	2,224
	Provision for doubtful debts - other debtors	(129)	(633)
	Total current trade and other receivables	25,963	16,763
	Non-current Special sets askers	1 077	750
	Special rate scheme Bonds	1,277 4	753 8
	Total non-current trade and other receivables	1,281	761
	Total trade and other receivables	27,244	17,524
	Total trade and other receivables	21,244	11,524
	a) Ageing of Receivables At balance date other debtors representing financial assets were past due but not impaired. These amounts relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The ageing of the Council's trade & other receivables (excluding statutory receivables) was:		
	Current (not yet due)	6,604	2,272
	Past due by up to 30 days	1,273	1,865
	Past due between 31 and 180 days	5,241	124
	Past due between 181 and 365 days	527	511
	Past due by more than 1 year Total trade & other receivables	4,424 18.069	4,757 9,529
	Total trade & other receivables	10,009	3,323
	b) Movement in provisions for doubtful debts		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	(633)	(60)
	New Provisions recognised during the year	(86)	(615)
	Amounts already provided for and written off as uncollectible	285	7
	Amounts provided for but recovered during the year	305	35
	Balance at end of year	(129)	(633)
Note 20	Other financial assets		
	Term Deposits	27,833	19,767
	Total other financial assets	27,833	19,767
Note 21	Inventories		
	Inventories held for distribution	13	16
	Total inventories	13	16
Note 22	Non current assets classified as held for sale		
	Cost of acquisition - South East Business Park	8,726	8,726
	Total non current assets classifed as held for resale	8,726	8,726
Note 23	Other assets		
	Prepayments	351	421
	Accrued income	296	139
	Total other assets	647	560

Note 24 Property, infrastructure, plant and equipment

## Summary of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment

	At Fair Value 30 June 2016	Accumulated Depreciation	WDV 30 June 2016	At Fair Value 30 June 2015	Accumulated Depreciation	WDV 30 June 2015
Land	328,777	-	328,777	302,935	-	302,935
Buildings	114,364	4,090	110,274	108,371	-	108,371
Plant and Equipment	16,479	7,318	9,161	16,895	7,012	9,883
Infrastructure	693,414	177,371	516,043	631,913	164,893	467,020
Work in progress	22,035	-	22,035	16,534	-	16,534
	1,175,069	188,779	986,290	1,076,648	171,904	904,743

## Summary of Work in Progress

	Opening wir	Additions	Iransiers	write Ons	Closing WiP
Buildings	3,693	9,653	6,299	-	7,047
Infrastructure	12,841	20,158	18,012	-	14,988
Total	16,534	29,811	24,311	-	22,035

### Note 24 Property, infrastructure plant and equipment

specialised specialised Buildings specialised specialised Improvements Progres	
Land and Buildings	
At fair value 1 July 2015 119,343 183,592 <b>302,935</b> 181 68,099 22,948 17,143 <b>108,371</b> 3,0	3 <b>414,999</b>
119,343 183,592 <b>302,935</b> 181 68,099 22,948 17,143 <b>108,371</b> 3,0	3 <b>414,999</b>
Movements in fair value	
Acquisition of assets at fair value 10,088 1,066 <b>11,154</b> 9,	3 <b>20,807</b>
Prior year adjustments to fair value (227) - (227) (306) - (306)	(533)
Revaluation increments/decrements 6,622 9,392 16,014	16,014
Fair value of assets disposed (384) (714) (1,098)	(1,098)
Transfers 507 (507) - 1,790 3,370 869 271 <b>6,299</b> (6,	9) -
16,605 9,237 <b>25,842</b> 1,790 3,370 563 271 <b>5,993</b> 3,	3 <b>35,189</b>
Movements in accumulated depreciation	
Depreciation and amortisation (86) (2,361) (772) (871) <b>(4,090</b> )	(4,090)
(86) (2,361) (772) (871) <b>(4,090)</b>	(4,090)
At fair value 30 June 2016 135,948 192,829 <b>328,777</b> 1,971 71,468 23,510 17,414 <b>114,364</b> 7,0	7 <b>450,188</b>
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2016 (86) (2,361) (772) (871) (4,090)	(4,090)
135,948 192,829 <b>328,777</b> 1,885 69,107 22,738 16,543 <b>110,274</b> 7,	

Note 24 Property, infrastructure plant and equipment (cont'd)

Plant and Equipment	Plant machinery and equipment	Fixtures fittings and furniture	Computers and telecomms	Work In Progress	Total plant and equipment
At fair value 1 July 2015	11,635	3,211	2,049	-	16,895
Accumulated depreciation at 1 July 2015	(4,673)	(1,616)	(723)	-	(7,012)
	6,962	1,596	1,326	-	9,883
Movements in fair value					_
Acquisition of assets at fair value	1,291	37	78	-	1,407
Fair value of assets disposed	(1,706)	-	(117)	-	(1,823)
	(415)	37	(39)	-	(416)
Movements in accumulated depreciation					
Depreciation and amortisation	(1,273)	(151)	(206)	-	(1,630)
Accumulated depreciation of disposals	1,207	-	117	-	1,324
	(66)	(151)	(89)	-	(306)
At fair value 30 June 2016	11,220	3,249	2,010	-	16,479
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2016	(4,739)	(1,767)	(812)	-	(7,318)
	6,481	1,482	1,198	-	9,161

Note 24 Property, infrastructure, plant and equipment (cont'd)

	Roads	Bridges	Footpaths and cycleways	Drainage	Recreational, leisure and Community	Parks open spaces and streetscapes	Off street car parks	Other Infrastructure	Work In Progress	Total Infrastructure
Infrastructure										
At fair value 1 July 2015	299,762	66,185	65,493	159,025	26,483	4,873	9,614	478	12,841	644,754
Accumulated depreciation at 1 July 2015	(92,163)	(23,681)	(12,358)	(22,009)	(10,079)	(1,916)	(2,525)	(163)	-	(164,893)
_	207,600	42,504	53,135	137,016	16,405	2,957	7,089	315	12,841	479,861
Movements in fair value										
Acquisition of assets at fair value	11,314	-	2,914	8,211	540	-	-	-	20,158	43,137
Prior year adjustments to fair value	(225)	365	20	347	3,039	-	-	-	-	3,546
Revaluation increments/decrements	962	2,053	838	15,973	-	-	(21)	-	-	19,805
Fair value of assets disposed	(1,430)	(974)	(167)	(82)	(160)	-	(28)	-	-	(2,840)
Transfers	9,353	861	2,064	3,496	1,673	230	292	43	(18,012)	-
	19,973	2,306	5,670	27,946	5,092	230	242	43	2,147	63,648
Movements in accumulated depreciation										,
Depreciation and amortisation	(7,564)	(798)	(1,328)	(1,763)	(767)	(206)	(200)	(15)	-	(12,641)
Prior year adjustments to fair value	(3)	(140)	(10)	(140)	(1,398)	-	-	-	-	(1,691)
Revaluation increments/decrements	2,969	(703)	(271)	(2,162)	-	-	63	-	-	(104)
Accumulated depreciation of disposals	743	922	103	15	149	-	25	-	-	1,957
Transfers	-	-	-	-	7	(7)	-	-	-	-
	(3,856)	(719)	(1,505)	(4,050)	(2,009)	(213)	(111)	(15)	-	(12,478)
At fair value 30 June 2016	319,736	68,490	71,163	186,971	31,575	5,103	9,856	521	14,988	708,402
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2016	(96,018)	(24,400)	(13,863)	(26,059)	(12,088)	(2,128)	(2,637)	(177)	-	(177,371)
<u>-</u>	223,717	44,090	57,300	160,912	19,487	2,974	7,219	344	14,988	531,031

Note 24 Property, infrastructure, plant and equipment (cont'd)

Valuation of land and buildings

Valuation of land and buildings were undertaken by a qualified independent valuer Bianca Schewtschenko-Bywater AAPI, Certified Practising Valuer 77946 from Westlink Consulting in 2015. The valuation of land and buildings is at fair value, being market value based on highest and best use permitted by relevant land planning provisions. Where land use is restricted through existing planning provisions the valuation is reduced to reflect this limitation. This adjustment is an unobservable input in the valuation. The adjustment has no impact on the comprehensive income statement.

Specialised land is valued at fair value using site values adjusted for englobo (undeveloped and/or unserviced) characteristics, access rights and private interests of other parties and entitlements of infrastructure assets and services. This adjustment is an unobservable input in the valuation. The adjustment has no impact on the comprehensive income statement.

Any significant movements in the unobservable inputs for land and land under roads will have a significant impact on the fair value of these assets

Details of the Council's land and buildings and information about the fair value hierarchy as at 30 June 2016 are as follows:

	Level 3
Land - Non-specialised	192,829
Land - Specialised	135,948
Heritage Buildings	1,885
Buildings - specialised	69,107
Buildings - non specialised	22,739
Building Improvements	16,543
	439,052

### Valuation of infrastructure

Valuation of infrastructure assets has been performed by the Council's asset management officer who has over fifteen years experience in local government asset management, including undertaking condition assessments, managing asset systems, and undertaking valuations/revaluations of non-current assets. The valuation in 2016 was performed based on the depreciated reproduction cost of the assets.

The valuation is at fair value based on replacement cost less accumulated depreciation as at the date of valuation.

Details of the Council's infrastructure and information about the fair value hierarchy as at 30 June 2016 are as follows:

	Level 3
Roads	223,717
Bridges	44,090
Footpaths and cycleways	57,300
Drainage	160,912
Recreational, leisure and Community	19,487
Parks open spaces and streetscapes	2,974
Off street car parks	7,219
Other Infrastructure	344
	516,043

Specialised land and land under roads is valued using a market based direct comparison technique. Significant unobservable inputs include the extent and impact of restriction of use and the market cost of land per square metre. The extent and impact of restrictions on use varies and results in a reduction to surrounding land values between 5% and 95%. The market value of land varies significantly depending on the location of the land and the current market conditions. Currently land values range between \$0.34 and \$6750.00 per square metre.

Specialised buildings are valued using a depreciated replacement cost technique. Significant unobservable inputs include the current replacement cost and remaining useful lives of buildings. Current replacement costs is calculated on a square metre basis and ranges from \$500 to \$4,928 per square metre. The remaining useful lives of buildings are determined on the basis of the current condition of buildings and vary from 1 years to 85 years. Replacement cost is sensitive to changes in market conditions, with any increase or decrease in cost flowing through to the valuation. Useful lives of buildings are sensitive to changes in expectations or requirements that could either shorten or extend the useful lives of buildings.

Infrastructure assets are valued based on the depreciated replacement cost. Significant unobservable inputs include the current replacement cost and remaining useful lives of infrastructure. The remaining useful lives of infrastructure asses are determined on the basis of the current condition of the asset and vary from 1 years to 100 years. Replacement cost is sensitive to changes in market conditions, with any increase or decrease in cost flowing through to the valuation. Useful lives of infrastructure are sensitive to changes in use, expectations or requirements that could either shorten or extend the useful lives of infrastructure assets.

	2016	2015
Reconciliation of specialised land		
Land under roads	23,098	19,076
Parks and reserves	112,850	100,267
Total specialised land	135,948	119,343

2016

2015

		2010	2013
		\$'000	\$'000
Note 25	Intangible assets		
	Software	669	382
	Total intangible assets	669	382
			Software
			\$'000
	Gross carrying amount		4 570
	Balance at 1 July 2014 Other		1,578 115
	Balance at 1 July 2015	_	1,693
	Other		286
	Balance at 30 June 2016	<del>-</del>	1,979
	Accumulated amortisation and impairment	_	
	Balance at 1 July 2014		1,388
	Amortisation expense		66
	Balance at 1 July 2015	_	1,454
	Amortisation expense		(72)
	Balance at 30 June 2016	_	1,382
	Work in progress at 30 June 2015		143
	Work in progress at 30 June 2016	<del>-</del>	72
	Net book value at 30 June 2015		382
	Net book value at 30 June 2016	_	669
		2016	2015
Note 26	Trade and other navables	\$'000	\$'000
Note 20	Trade and other payables		
	Current	40.005	0.705
	Trade payables	12,605 2,884	9,795
	Accrued expenses Income in Advance	1,043	2,435 1,952
	income in Advance	16,532	14,182
	Non-Current	10,002	14,102
	Trade payables	6,155	-
	. ,	6,155	-
	Total trade and other payables	22,687	14,182
Note 27	Trust funds and deposits		
	Refundable deposits	9,487	5,044
	Fire services levy	71	62
	Retention amounts	139	139
	Trust Funds	199	160
	Total trust funds and deposits	9,896	5,405

## Purpose and nature of items

Refundable deposits - Deposits are taken by council as a form of surety in a number of circumstances, including in relation to building works, tender deposits, contract deposits and the use of civic facilities

Retention Amounts - Council has a contractual right to retain certain amounts until a contractor has met certain requirements or a related warrant or defect period has elapsed. Subject to the satisfactory completion of the contractual obligations, or the elapsing of time, these amounts will be paid to the relevant contractor in line with Council's contractual obligations.

Fire Service Levy (included under Trust funds and deposits) - Council is the collection agent for fire services levy on behalf of the State Government. Council remits amounts received on a quarterly basis. Amounts disclosed here will be remitted to the state government in line with that process.

				2016	2015
				\$'000	\$'000
Note 28	Provisions			•	
		Annual leave	Long Service Leave	Other	Total
	Balance at beginning of the financial year	2,441	4,686	89	7,217
	Additional provisions	2,100	1,056	2	3,158
	Amounts used	(2,040)	(942)	(8)	(2,990)
	Increase in the discounted amount arising because of time and the effect of any change in the discount rate	(7)	86		79
	Balance at the end of the financial year	<u>(7)</u> <b>2,494</b>	4,886	83	7,464
	2015	2,494	4,000	03	7,404
	Balance at beginning of the financial year	2,468	4,657	110	7,235
	Additional provisions	(27)	76	(18)	32
	Amounts used	-	(126)	(3)	(129)
	Increase in the discounted amount arising because of time and the effect of any change in the discount rate	_	79	_	79
	Balance at the end of the financial year	2,441	4,686	89	7,217
	Zalanco at ano one on the imanolar year		.,,,,,		-,
				2016	2015
				\$'000	\$'000
	(a) Employee provisions				
	Current provisions expected to be wholly settled within 12				
	Annual leave			2,050	2,021
	Long service leave			3,422	3,513
	Sick leave bonus/gratuity			83	89
			_	5,555	5,624
	Non-current				
	Annual leave			445	420
	Long service leave			1,464	1,173
	Total non-current provisions			1,909	1,593
	Aggregate carrying amount of employee provisions:		_	, ,	
	Current			5,555	5,624
	Non-current			1,909	1,593
	Total aggregate carrying amount of employee provisions			7,464	7,217

		2016	2015
		\$'000	\$'000
		2016	2015
Note 29	Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	\$'000	\$'000
	Current		
	Finance leases	-	7
	Borrowings - secured	4,765	6,289
		4,765	6,296
	Non-current		
	Borrowings - secured	47,521	55,742
	2010 Miligo Coccio	47,521	55,742
	Total	52,286	62,038
	(1) Borrowings are secured by Deed of charge over rates and a letter from the CEO		
	a) The maturity profile for Council's borrowings is:		
	Not later than one year	4,765	6,289
	Later than one year and not later than five years	27,280	28,620
	Later than five years	20,241	27,122
		52,286	62,031
	b) The maturity profile for Council's finance lease liabilities is:		
	Not later than one year	-	7
	Present value of minimum lease payments		7

General description of the leasing arrangements as lessee of finance leases, including, but not limited to, the following:

- (i) the basis on which contingent rent payable is determined;
- (ii) the existence and terms of renewal or purchase options and escalation clauses; and
- (iii) restrictions imposed by lease arrangements, such as those concerning dividends, additional debt, and further leasing.

Note 30 Reserves

	Balance at beginning of reporting period	Increment (decrement)	Share of increment (decrement) on revaluation by an associate	Balance at end of reporting period
(a) Asset revaluation reserves	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
2016				
Property				
Land	184,217	16,013	-	200,230
Buildings	14,170	-	-	14,170
	198,387	16,013	-	214,400
Infrastructure				
Bridges	17,758	1,351	-	19,109
Footpaths and cycleways	13,041	567	-	13,608
Drainage	57,011	13,812	-	70,823
-	87,810	15,730	-	103,540
Total asset revaluation reserves	286,197	31,743	•	317,940
2015				
Property				
Land for resale	2,800	(2,800)	-	-
Land	158,662	25,555	-	184,217
Buildings	5,121	9,049	-	14,170
	166,583	31,804	-	198,387
Infrastructure				
Bridges	17,905	(147)	-	17,758
Footpaths and cycleways	6,509	6,532	-	13,041
Drainage	44,567	12,444	-	57,011
	68,981	18,829	-	87,810
Total asset revaluation reserves	235,564	50,633		286,197

The asset revaluation reserve is used to record the increased (net) value of Council's assets over time.

		Balance at beginning of reporting period \$'000	Transfer from accumulated surplus \$'000	Transfer to accumulated surplus \$'000	Balance at end of reporting period \$'000
(b) Other reserves 2016	Ref				
Developer levy	1	24,870	8,875	(3,014)	30,731
Community Facilities levy	2	577	1,263	(377)	1,463
Public Open Space levy	3	2,153	600	(257)	2,496
Native vegetation	4	773	64	(32)	805
Decorative Light Poles	5	31	385	(27)	389
Total Other reserves	-	28,404	11,187	(3,707)	35,884
2015					
Developer levy		26,143	9,166	(10,439)	24,870
Community Facilities levy		486	985	(894)	577
Public Open Space levy		1,413	1,124	(384)	2,153
Native vegetation		564	286	(77)	773
Decorative Light Poles		-	81	(50)	31
Total Other reserves	_	28,606	11,642	(11,844)	28,404

	Decorative Light 1 olds		01	(50)	01
	Total Other reserves	28,606	11,642	(11,844)	28,404
Ref 1	<b>Item</b> Developer levy	Description This reserve is the balance of the fany of the Developer Contrib or constructed by Council.			
2	Community Facilities levy	This reserve is the balance of the femalining community fac			cover the cost
3	Public Open Space levy	It is a requirement under the Pla minimum percentage of the dev amount is unable to be provided For Officer DCP area, the contr more than the minimum 5.5%. For Cardinia Rd DCP area, the open space on a parcel of land provided exceeds the 8% public	eloped land be provide I, a cash contribution is ibutions are to be used contributions are to be being subdivided where	d for public open space. If required. to compensate developers used to offset the provision to the amount of open space	the minimum s who provide n of land for
4	Native vegetation	Developers have a statutory res offset the vegetation removed a revegetation required under the council. These contributions are	s part of the development planning scheme are re	ent. Those who are unable equired to pay a cash cont	to provide the tribution to
5	Decorative Light Poles	Existing subdivisions where decoption to install the same decor is to be maintained in a Reserve poles and retrofitting energy effi	ative light poles in future fund and used to offse	e stages. Income raised fro et future costs of replacing	om the pole fee

		2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Note 30	(c) Reserves (cont'd)		·
	Adjustments directly to equity		
	Prior year adjustments for previously not recognised assets/liabilities	1,143	1,626
	Total adjustments directly to equity	1,143	1,626
Note 31	Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities to surplus		
	Surplus for the year	70,311	56,756
	Depreciation/amortisation	18,483	15,571
	Loss on disposal of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment	351	861
	Net asset revaluation (increment)/decrement	(3,972)	6,250
	Share of net gain of associates	(159)	(37)
	Interest Costs - Financing, not Operating Activity	3,738	4,203
	Contributions - Non-monetary assets	(46,688)	(39,350)
	Other	-	4,817
	Change in assets and liabilities:	0.005	0.40
	Decrease in trade and other receivables	2,605	646
	Decrease in prepayments	70	(3)
	Increase in accrued income	(157)	148
	Increase in trade and other payables	3,754	(476)
	lincrease in other liabilities	4,482	2,106
	Decrease in inventories	3	10
	Increase in provisions	247	(19)
	Decrease in income in advance	(909)	1,048
	Net cash provided by operating activities	52,159	52,530
Note 32	Financing arrangements		
	Bank Overdraft	2,000	2,000
	Credit card facilities	53	51
	Other facilities	52,286	62,038
	Total facilities	54,339	64,089
	Used facilities	52,294	62,046
	Unused facilities	2,045	2,043

Note 33 Commitments

The Council has entered into the following commitments

		Later than 1	Later than 2		
	Not later than	year and not later than 2	years and not later than 5	Later than 5	
2016	1 year	years	years	years	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Operating					
Recycling	1,575	1,705	3,780	-	7,060
Garbage collection	9,032	10,564	23,775	-	43,371
Open space management	3,288	3,469	5,188	-	11,945
Consultancies	230	50	-	-	280
Home care services	272	-	-	-	272
Cleaning contracts for council buildings	754	380	-	-	1,134
Meals for delivery	961	1,041	-	-	2,002
Casey Cardinia Library funding	1,826	1,872	4,020	-	7,718
Facilities management	398	170	167	-	735
Maintenance	1,070	711	649	-	2,430
Health	496	538	-	-	1,034
Utility	1,370	1,500	3,420	-	6,290
Other	1,112	236	297	44	1,689
Total	22,384	22,236	41,296	44	85,960
Capital					
Buildings	4,500	-	-	-	4,500
Roads	900	-	-		900
Land	1,781	-	-	-	1,781
Total	7,181	•	-	•	7,181

	Not later than	Later than 1 year and not later than 2	Later than 2 years and not later than 5	Later than 5	
2015	1 year	years	years	years	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Operating					
Recycling	1,445	1,551	1,654	1,738	6,388
Garbage collection	8,711	9,516	8,903	9,559	36,689
Open space management	3,117	3,288	7,129	1,528	15,062
Consultancies	196	-	-	-	196
Home care services	439	-	-	-	439
Cleaning contracts for council buildings	630	671	352	-	1,653
Meals for delivery	875	961	1,041	-	2,877
Casey Cardinia Library funding	1,790	1,862	1,936	2,000	7,588
Facilities management	486	-	-	-	486
Maintenance	1,589	1,323	711	322	3,945
Health	437	496	538	-	1,471
Utility	1,222	1,347	1,484	-	4,053
Other	361	189	109	110	769
Total	21,298	21,204	23,857	15,257	81,616
Capital					
Buildings	668	_	-	-	668
Roads	312	_	-	-	312
Total	980	-	-	-	980

Note 34

## Notes to the For the Year Ended 30

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
4 Operating leases		
Operating lease commitments		
At the reporting date, the Council had the following obligations under non-cancellable operating leases for the lease of equipment and land and buildings for use within Council's activities (these obligations are not recognised as liabilities):		
Not later than one year	146	387
Later than one year and not later than five years	320	49
	466	436
(b) Operating lease receivables  The Council has entered into property leases, consisting of surplus freehold office complexes. These properties held under operating leases have remaining non-cancellable lease terms of between 1 and 10 years. All leases include a CPI based revision of the rental charge annually.		
Future minimum rentals receivable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:		
Not later than one year	276	323
Later than one year and not later than five years	607	615
Later than five years	119	151
	1,002	1,089

#### Note 35 Superannuation

Council makes all of its employer superannuation contributions in respect of its employees to the Local Authorities Superannuation Fund (the Fund). This Fund has two categories of membership, accumulation and defined benefit, each of which is funded differently. Obligations for contributions to the Fund are recognised as an expense in the Comprehensive Income Statement when they are made or due.

#### Accumulation

The Fund's accumulation categories, Vision MySuper/Vision Super Saver, receive both employer and employee contributions on a progressive basis. Employer contributions are normally based on a fixed percentage of employee earnings (for the year ended 30 June 2016, this was 9.5% as required under Superannuation Guarantee legislation).

### **Defined Benefit**

Council does not use defined benefit accounting for its defined benefit obligations under the Fund's Defined Benefit category. This is because the Fund's Defined Benefit category is a pooled multi-employer sponsored plan.

There is no proportional split of the defined benefit liabilities, assets or costs between the participating employers as the defined benefit obligation is a floating obligation between the participating employers and the only time that the aggregate obligation is allocated to specific employers is when a call is made. As a result, the level of participation of Council in the Fund cannot be measured as a percentage compared with other participating employers. Therefore, the Fund Actuary is unable to allocate benefit liabilities, assets and costs between employers for the purposes of AASB 119.

### Funding arrangements

Council makes employer contributions to the Defined Benefit category of the Fund at rates determined by the Trustee on the advice of the Fund Actuary.

As at 30 June 2015, an interim acturial investigation was held as the Fund provides lifetime pensions in the Defined Benefit category. The vested benefit index (VBI) of the Defined Benefit category of which Council is a contributing employer was 105.8%. To determine the VBI, the fund Actuary used the following long-term assumptions:

Net investment returns 7.0% pa Salary information 4.25% pa Price inflation (CPI) 2.5% pa.

## Notes to the For the Year Ended 30

#### Note 35 Superannuation (Cont'd)

Vision Super has advised that the estimated VBI at 30th June 2016 was 102%. The VBI is to be used as the primary funding indicator. Because the VBI was above 100%, the 2015 interim actuarial investigation determined the Defined Benefit category was in a satisfactory financial position and that no change was necessary to the Defined Benefit category's funding arrangements from prior years.

#### Employer contributions

### Regular contributions

On the basis of the results of the 2015 interim actuarial investigation conducted by the Fund Actuary, Council makes employer contributions to the Fund's Defined Benefit category at rates determined by the Fund's Trustee. For the year ended 30 June 2016, this rate was 9.5% of members' salaries (9.5% in 2014/2015). This rate will increase in line with any increase to the contribution rate. In addition, Council reimburses the Fund to cover the excess of the benefits paid as a consequence of retrenchment above the funded resignation or retirement benefit.

#### Funding calls

If the Defined Benefit category is in an unsatisfactory financial position at an actuarial investigation or the Defined Benefit category's VBI is below its shortfall limit at any time other than the date of the actuarial investigation, the Defined Benefit category has a shortfall for the purposes of SPS 160 and the Fund is required to put a plan in place so that the shortfall is fully funded within three years of the shortfall occurring. The Fund monitors its VBI on a quarterly basis and the Fund has set its shortfall limit at 97%.

In the event that the Fund Actuary determines that there is a shortfall based on the above requirement, the Fund's participating employers (including Council) are required to make an employer contribution to cover the shortfall. Using the agreed methodology, the shortfall amount is apportioned between the participating employers based on the pre-1 July 1993 and post-30 June 1993 service liabilities of the Fund's Defined Benefit category, together with the employer's payroll at 30 June 1993 and at the date the shortfall has been calculated.

Due to the nature of the contractual obligations between the participating employers and the Fund, and that the Fund includes lifetime pensioners and their reversionary beneficiaries, it is unlikely that the Fund will be wound up. If there is a surplus in the Fund, the surplus cannot be returned to the participating employers. In the event that a participating employer is wound-up, the defined benefit obligations of that employer will be transferred to that employer's successor.

#### 2015 Interim actuarial investigation surplus amounts

The Fund's interim actuarial investigation as at 30 June 2015 identified the following in the defined benefit category of which Council is a contributing employer:

A VBI surplus of \$130.8 million; and

A total service liability surplus of \$239 million.

The VBI surplus means that the market value of the fund's assets supporting the defined benefit obligations exceed the vested benefits that the defined benefit members would have been entitled to if they had all exited on 30 June 2015. The total service liability surplus means that the current value of the assets in the Fund's Defined Benefit category plus expected future contributions exceeds the value of expected future benefits and expenses. Council was notified of the 30 June 2015 VBI during August 2015.

### Future superannuation contributions

The expected contributions to be paid to the Defined Benefit category of Vision Super for the year ending 30 June 2017 is \$304 532

### Note 36 Contingent liabilities

Council has obligations under a defined benefit superannuation scheme that may result in the need to make additional contributions to the scheme, matters relating to this potential obligation are outlined in Note 35. As a result of the volatility in financial markets the likelihood of making such contributions in future periods exists. At this point in time it is not known if additional contributions will be required, their timing or potential amount.

## Note 37 Financial Instruments

#### (a) Objectives and policies

The Council's principal financial instruments comprise cash assets, term deposits, receivables (excluding statutory receivables), payables (excluding statutory payables) and bank borrowings. 'Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument is disclosed in Note 1 of the financial statements. 'Risk management is carried out by senior management under policies approved by the Council. These policies include identification and analysis of the risk exposure to Council and appropriate procedures, controls and risk minimisation.

#### (b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of our financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The Council's exposures to market risk is primarily through interest rate risk with only insignificant exposure to other price risks and no exposure to foreign currency risk.

### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the value of a financial instrument or cash flows associated with the instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Our interest rate liability risk arises primarily from long term loans and borrowings at fixed rates which exposes us to fair value interest rate risk. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Council has minimal exposure to cash flow interest rate risk through its cash and deposits that are at floating rate.

Investment of surplus funds is made with approved financial institutions under the *Local Government Act 1989*. We manage interest rate risk by adopting an investment policy that ensures:

- diversification of investment product,
- monitoring of return on investment,
- benchmarking of returns and comparison with budget.

There has been no significant change in the Council's exposure, or its objectives, policies and processes for managing interest rate risk or the methods used to measure this risk from the previous reporting period.

Interest rate movements have not been sufficiently significant during the year to have an impact on the Council's year end result.

## (c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a contracting entity will not complete its obligations under a financial instrument and cause Council to make a financial loss. Council have exposure to credit risk on some financial assets included in our balance sheet. To help manage this risk:

- council may require collateral where appropriate; and
- council only invest surplus funds with financial institutions which have a recognised credit rating specified in council's investment policy. Receivables consist of a large number of customers, spread across the ratepayer, business and government sectors. Credit risk associated with the Council's financial assets is minimal because the main debtor is secured by a charge over the rateable property.

There are no material financial assets which are individually determined to be impaired.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements. Council does not hold any collateral.

## (d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk includes the risk that, as a result of our operational liquidity requirements or we will not have sufficient funds to settle a transaction when required, we will be forced to sell a financial asset at below value or may be unable to settle or recover a financial asset.

To help reduce these risks Council:

- have readily accessible standby facilities and other funding arrangements in place;
- have a liquidity portfolio structure that requires surplus funds to be invested within various bands of liquid instruments; and
- monitor budget to actual performance on a regular basis.

The Council's maximum exposure to liquidity risk is the carrying amounts of financial liabilities as disclosed in the face of the balance sheet, and is deemed insignificant based on prior periods' data and current assessment of risk.

There has been no significant change in Council's exposure, or its objectives, policies and processes for managing liquidity risk or the methods used to measure this risk from the previous reporting period.

With the exception of borrowings, all financial liabilities are expected to be settled within normal terms of trade. Details of the maturity profile for borrowings are disclosed at Note 29.

Unless otherwise stated, the carrying amounts of financial instruments reflect their fair value.

## Note 37 Financial Instruments (cont'd)

## e) Fair value

Unless otherwise stated, the carrying amount of financial instruments reflect their fair value.

Fair value hierarchy

Council's financial assets and liabilities are not valued in accordance with the fair value hierarchy, Council's financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

## (f) Sensitivity disclosure analysis

Taking into account past performance, future expectations, economic forecasts, and management's knowledge and experience of the financial markets, Council believes the following movements are 'reasonably possible' over the next 12 months:

- A parallel shift of + 1% and -2% in market interest rates (AUD) from year-end rates of 1.75% - 2.75%.

These movements will not have a material impact on the valuation of Council's fianancial assests and liabilities, nor will they have a material impact on the results of Council's operations.

### Note 38 Related party transactions

## (i) Responsible Persons

Names of persons holding the position of a Responsible Person at the Council at any time during the year are:

**Councillors** Mayor Cr Jodie Owen

Deputy Mayor Cr Leticia Wilmot

Cr Graeme Moore
Cr Brett Owen
Cr George Blenkhorn
Cr Collin Ross
Cr Tania Baxter
Cr Kate Lempriere

Cr David Young

Ci David Fourig

Chief Executive Officer Garry McQuillan

## (ii) Remuneration of Responsible Persons

The numbers of Responsible Persons whose total remuneration from Council and any related entities, excluding retirement benefits, fall within the following bands:

	2016	2015
	No.	No.
\$20,000 - \$29,999	2	2
\$30,000 - \$39,999	4	5
\$40,000 - \$49,999	1	-
\$50,000 - \$59,999	1	1
\$60,000 - \$69,999	1	1
\$340,000 - \$349,999	1	1
	10	10
	\$'000	\$'000
Total Remuneration for the reporting year for Responsible Persons included above		
amounted to:	697	681

## (iii) Senior Officers Remuneration

A Senior Officer other than a Responsible Person, is an officer of Council who:

- a) has management responsibilities and reports directly to the Chief Executive; or
- b) whose total annual remuneration exceeds \$139,000

The number of Senior Officers other than the Responsible Persons, are shown below in their relevant income bands:

	2016	2015
Income Range:	No.	No.
< \$136,000	-	2
\$136,000 - \$139,999	3	5
\$140,000 - \$149,999	7	9
\$150,000 - \$159,999	10	2
\$160,000 - \$169,999	-	2
\$220,000 - \$229,999	2	1
\$230,000 - \$239,999	-	1
\$240,000 - \$249,999	-	1
\$250,000 - \$259,999	2	-
\$270,000 - \$279,999	-	1
	24	24
Total Remuneration for the reporting year for Senior Officers included above, amounted to	3,919	3,937

## (iv) Transactions with responsible persons

During the period Council did not enter into any transactions with responsible persons or related parties of responsible persons.

## Note 39 Events occurring after balance date

No matters have occurred after balance date that require disclosure in the financial report.

## Certification of the Financial Statements

In my opinion the accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the *Local Government Act* 1989, the *Local Government (Planning and Reporting)* Regulations 2014, Australian Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements.

Jo Harris - CPA
Chief Finance Officer

Date:

23 September 2016

20 Siding Avenue, Officer

In our opinion the accompanying financial statements present fairly the financial transactions of Cardinia Shire Council for the year ended 30 June 2016 and the financial position of the Council as at that date.

As at the date of signing, we are not aware of any circumstances which would render any particulars in the financial statements to be misleading or inaccurate.

We have been authorised by the Council and by the Local Government (Planning and Reporting) Regulations 2014 to certify the financial statements in their final form.

George Blenkhorn
Councillor

Date :

23 September 2016

berge Black

20 Siding Avenue, Officer

Kate Lempriere
Councillor

Date:

23 September 2016

20 Siding Avenue, Officer

Garry McQuillan

Chief Executive Officer

Date:

23 September 2016

20 Siding Avenue, Officer



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## To the Councillors, Cardinia Shire Council

## The Financial Report

I have audited the accompanying financial report for the year ended 30 June 2016 of the Cardinia Shire Council which comprises the comprehensive income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows, statement of capital works, notes comprising a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the certification of the financial statements.

## The Councillors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The Councillors of the Cardinia Shire Council are responsible for the preparation and the fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, and the financial reporting requirements of the *Local Government Act 1989*.

The Councillors are responsible for such internal control as the Councillors determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

As required by the *Audit Act 1994* and the *Local Government Act 1989*, my responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on the audit, which has been conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require compliance with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and that the audit be planned and performed to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The audit procedures selected depend on judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, consideration is given to the internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Councillors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

## **Independent Auditor's Report (continued)**

## Independence

The Auditor-General's independence is established by the *Constitution Act 1975*. The Auditor-General is not subject to direction by any person about the way in which his powers and responsibilities are to be exercised. In conducting the audit, I and my staff and delegates complied with the applicable independence requirements of the Australian Auditing Standards and relevant ethical pronouncements.

## Opinion

In my opinion the financial report presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Cardinia Shire Council as at 30 June 2016 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with applicable Australian Accounting Standards, and the financial reporting requirements of the *Local Government Act 1989*.

MELBOURNE 26 September 2016 Andrew Greaves

Auditor-General